HUNTERS POINT SHIPYARD INDIGENOUS HISTORY

FRAME REFRAIN

Nautical Swing

STREAM OF CONSCIOUSNESS

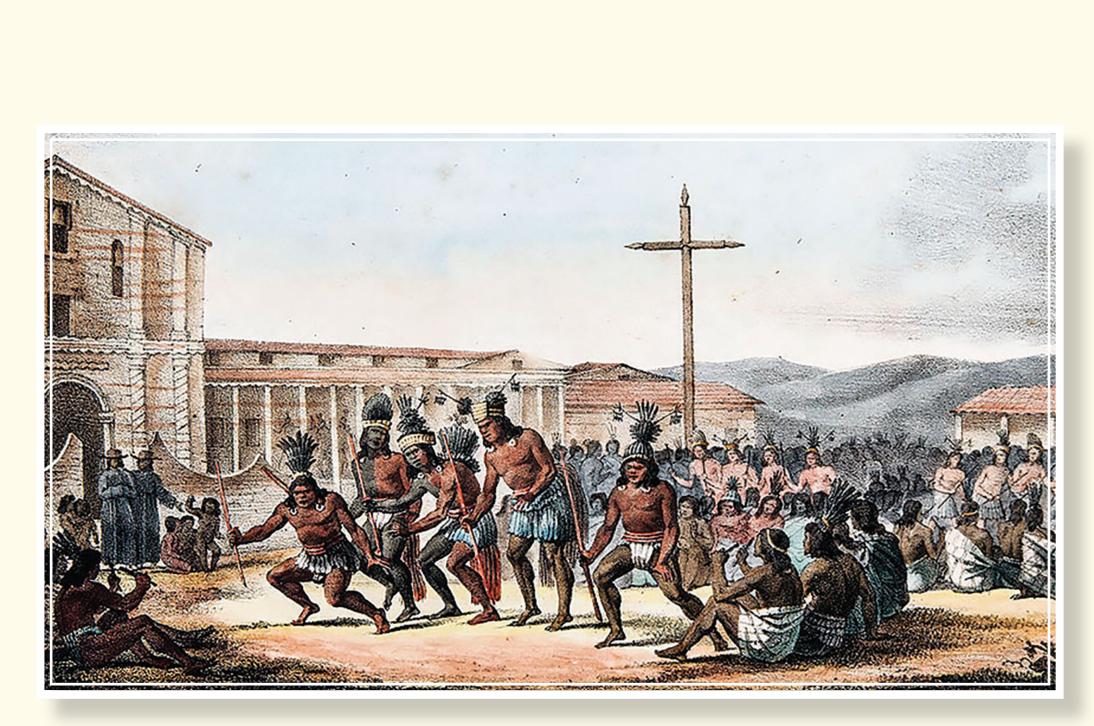
FRAME REFRAIN

FLOTILLA

The Ohlone people are Native American people who lived on the aboriginal lands between San Francisco and Monterey Bay for over 10,000 years. Before Spanish colonialization, their traditional way of life was relatively stable until the arrival of the Spanish missionaries in 1769. Mission San Francisco de Asis (also known as Mission Dolores) was founded in 1776.

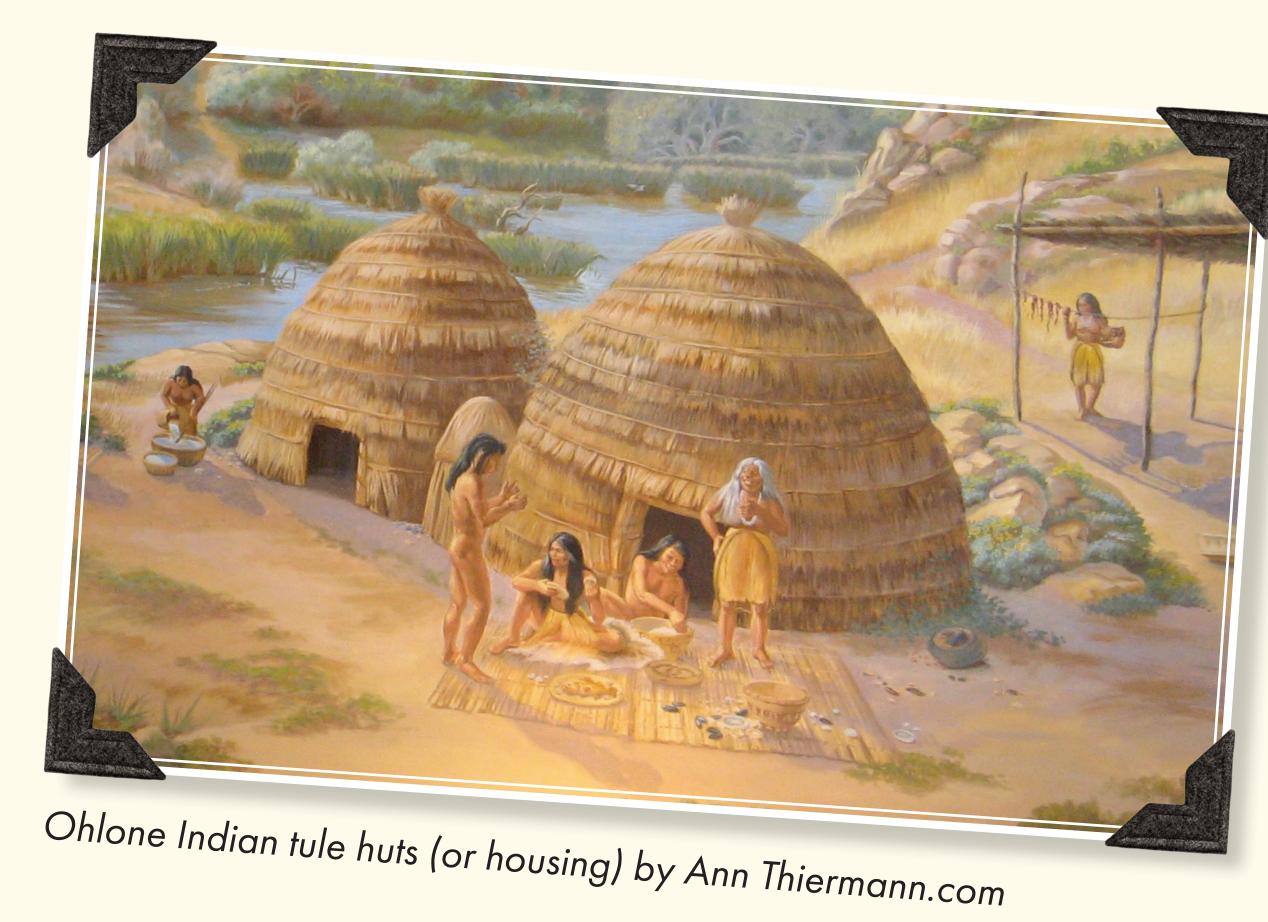


Lithograph by Louis Choris, Coiffures de danse des habitants de California, from Voyage Pittoresque autour du Monde, 1822. Autry Museum, Los Angeles; 92.6.2



Ohlone Indians Dancing at Mission Dolores, San Francisco, CA, circa 1815. Drawing by Louis Andrevitch Choris, courtesy of The Bancroft Library, UC Berkeley.

The entire mission complex was constructed by Native American labor. Severe living and working conditions, and European diseases reduced the Native population at the mission by over 75% by the early 1800s. A few Ohlone people survived colonization. Today, they are represented by several tribes that are actively involved in restoration and preservation of their lands, culture, language.



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