

COMMISSION ON COMMUNITY INVESTMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE

RESOLUTION NO. 07-2022

AMENDING OCII'S SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISE ("SBE") POLICY TO CONFORM TO THE SMALL LOCAL BUSINESS ENTERPRISE ("SMALL-LBE") SIZE THRESHOLDS AND THE METHODOLOGY FOR DETERMINING SMALL-LBE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO ("CITY")

WHEREAS, On November 16, 2004, the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency ("Former Agency") Commission adopted, by Resolution No. 133-2004, the Agency's Interim Purchasing Policy and Procedures, which included, for the first time, a Small Business Enterprise ("SBE") Policy; and,

WHEREAS, On July 21, 2009, the Former Agency Commission amended, by Resolution No. 82-2009, the SBE Policy by separating it from the Agency's Interim Purchasing Policy and Procedures and increasing the three-year average gross annual receipts limit for suppliers from \$2 million to \$7 million; and,

WHEREAS, On July 7, 2015, the Commission on Community Investment and Infrastructure adopted, by Resolution No. 43-2015, the second amendment to the SBE Policy to increase the size standards of SBEs by harmonizing the average gross annual receipts limits with the City and County of San Francisco ("City") Small-Local Business Enterprise size thresholds; and,

WHEREAS, On November 2, 2021, the City adopted Ordinance 203-21, which amended San Francisco Administrative Code-14B, the Local Business Enterprise Program ("LBE"), by increasing the City's LBE size thresholds effective on December 13, 2021; and,

WHEREAS, The Office of Community Investment and Infrastructure ("Agency") desires to conform the Agency's definition of small business to the City's Small-LBE definition except for the existing size threshold for specialty construction contractors; now therefore, be it

RESOLVED, The Successor Agency Commission hereby approves amendments to the Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Policy substantially in the form of Attachment A.

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the Commission at its meeting of March 15, 2022.

Commission Secretary

Exhibit A: SBE Policy Amendment



EXHIBIT A

OFFICE OF COMMUNITY INVESTMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE

SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISE POLICY

Adopted: November 16, 2004
Amended and Restated: July 21, 2009
Second Amendment: July 7, 2015
Draft Third Amendment: March 15, 2022

Table of Contents

I. INTRODUCTION.....	1
II. APPLICATION	1
III. DEFINITIONS	1
IV. SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISES CONTRACTING GOAL.....	4
V. SUBCONTRACTING - BY PRIME CONTRACTORS.....	8
VI. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS	10
VII. SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC CERTIFIED PAYROLLS	10
VIII. AUTHORIZATION	11
IX. APPEALS	11
X. WAIVER	11
XI. SEVERABILITY	12
EXHIBIT I – SBE Certification Criteria	1

I. INTRODUCTION

The Agency is acutely aware of the many challenges that small businesses face when contracting with public entities. The mission of the Agency includes economic development in Project Areas and accordingly this Small Business Enterprise Policy ("**SBE Policy**") is to establish a set of Small Business Enterprise participation goals and good faith efforts designed to ensure that monies are spent in a manner which provides SBEs with an opportunity to compete for and participate in Office of Community Investment and Infrastructure ("**OCII**" or "**Agency**") assisted projects. A genuine effort will be made to give First Consideration to Project Area SBEs and San Francisco- based SBEs before looking outside of San Francisco.

II. APPLICATION

This SBE Policy applies to all Contractors and their subcontractors seeking work on Agency-Assisted Projects on or after November 17, 2004 and any Amendment to a Pre-existing Contract as that term is defined in Article III - Definitions.

All Agency-Assisted Contracts, including contracts with both for profit and non-profit developers, shall contain a requirement that the developer and its general contractor and all subcontractors (regardless of tier) comply with this SBE Policy.

III. DEFINITIONS

"**Small Business Enterprise (SBE)**" means an economically disadvantaged business that is certified by another public entity (either municipal, State, or federal agency) that considers the certification criteria stipulated in this Policy. In general, such criteria shall include a determination by the public entity as to whether an economically disadvantaged business is an independent and continuing business for profit; performs a commercially useful function; is owned and controlled by persons residing in the United States or its territories; and has average gross annual receipts in at least the three years (and no more than five years, if practiced by the public entity) immediately preceding its application for certification as a SBE that do not exceed the following limits:

Industry	OCII SBE Size Standard
Construction Contractors	\$24,000,000
Specialty Construction Contractors	\$14,000,000
Suppliers (goods/materials/ equipment and general services)	\$12,000,000
Professional Services	\$5,000,000
Trucking	\$5,000,000

In addition, an economically disadvantaged business shall meet the other certification criteria described in Exhibit I in order to be considered an SBE by the Agency.

In order to determine whether or not a firm meets the above economic size definitions, the Agency will use the firm's most recent business tax returns (i.e., 1040 with Schedule C for Sole Proprietorships, 1065s with K-1s for Partnerships, and 1120s for Corporations) to calculate the firm's average annual gross receipts. In addition, the calculation of a firm's size shall include the receipts of all affiliates.

Once a business reaches the average size threshold for the applicable industry the business ceases to be economically disadvantaged, it is not an eligible SBE and it will not be counted towards meeting SBE contracting requirements (or goals).

"Affiliates" means an affiliation with another business concern based on the power to control, whether exercised or not. Such factors as common ownership, common management and identity of interest (often found in members of the same family), among others, are indicators of affiliation. Power to control exists when a party or parties have 50 percent or more ownership. It may also exist with considerably less than 50 percent ownership by contractual arrangement or when one or more parties own a large share compared to other parties. Affiliated business concerns need not be in the same line of business.

"Agency-Assisted Contract" means Development and Disposition Agreements, Land Disposition Agreements, Leases, Loan and Grant Agreements, and other similar contracts and agreements that the Agency executes with for-profit or non-profit entities.

"Agency Contract" means personal services contracts, purchase requisitions, and other similar contracts and operations agreements that the Agency executes with for-profit or non-profit entities.

"Amendment to a Pre-existing Contract" means a material change to the terms of any contract, the term of which has not expired on or before the date that this Small Business Enterprise Policy ("SBE Policy") takes effect, but shall not include amendments to decrease the scope of work or decrease the amount to be paid under a contract.

"Annual Receipts" means "total income" (or in the case of a sole proprietorship, "gross income") plus "cost of goods sold" as these terms are defined and reported on Internal Revenue Service tax return forms. The term does not include net capital gains or losses; taxes collected for and remitted to a taxing authority if included in gross or total income, such as sales or other taxes collected from customers and excluding taxes levied on the concern or its employees; proceeds from transactions between a concern and its domestic or foreign affiliates; and amounts collected for another by a travel agent, real estate agent, advertising agent, conference management service provider, freight forwarder or customs broker. For size determination purposes, the only exclusions from receipts are those specifically provided for in this paragraph. All other items, such as subcontractor costs, reimbursements for purchases a contractor makes at a customer's request, and employee-based costs such as payroll taxes, may not be excluded from receipts. Typically, annual receipts are averaged over a concern's latest three (3) completed fiscal years to determine its average annual receipts.

However, to the extent a public entity considers a five-year average in its certification program, OCII will accept the five-year average provided the remaining certification criteria of the public entity is consistent with OCII's criteria stipulated in this Policy. If a concern has not been in business for three (3) years, the average weekly revenue for the number of weeks the concern has been in business is multiplied by 52 to determine its average annual receipts.

“Association” (as the term is used in the SBE Program) means an agreement between two parties established for the purpose of completing a specific task or project. The associate agreement shall provide the SBE associate a significant project management role and the SBE associate shall be recognized in marketing and collateral material. The Association shall be distinguished from traditional subcontracting arrangements via a written Association agreement that defines the management of the agreement, technical and managerial responsibilities of the parties, and defined scopes and percentages of work to be performed by each party with its own resources and labor force. Unlike the more formal Joint Venture, an Association does not require formation of a new business enterprise between the parties. The Associate agreement shall contain, at a minimum, provisions required by Section IV.E below and be subject to OCII approval.

“Commercially Useful Function” means that the business is directly responsible for providing the materials, equipment, supplies or services in the City and County of San Francisco (“City”) as required by the solicitation or request for quotes, bids or proposals. Businesses that engage in the business of providing brokerage, referral or temporary employment services shall not be deemed to perform a “commercially useful function” unless the brokerage, referral or temporary employment services are required and sought by the Agency.

“Joint Venture” (as the term is used in the SBE Program) means an entity established between two parties for the purposes of completing a venture or project. The Joint Venture agreement typically creates a separate business entity and requires acquisition of additional insurance for the newly created joint business entity. The Joint Venture agreement shall contain, at a minimum, provisions required by OCII, as Section IV.E below and be subject to OCII approval.

“Office” or **“Offices”** means a fixed and established place(s) where work is performed of a clerical, administrative, professional or production nature directly pertinent to the business being certified. A temporary location or movable property or one that was established to oversee a project such as a construction project office does not qualify as an “office” under this SBE Policy. Work space provided in exchange for services (in lieu of monetary rent) does not constitute an “office.” The office is not required to be the headquarters for the business but it must be capable of providing all the services to operate the business for which SBE certification is sought. An arrangement for the right to use office space on an “as needed” basis where there is no office exclusively reserved for the business does not qualify as an office. The prospective SBE must submit a rental agreement for the office space, rent receipt or cancelled checks for rent payments. If the office space is owned by the prospective

SBE, the business must submit property tax or a deed documenting ownership of the office.

“Person” means one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations, and cooperatives.

“Project Area Small Business Enterprise” means a business that meets the above-definition of Small Business Enterprise and that: (a) has fixed offices located within the geographical boundaries of a Redevelopment Project or Survey Area where a commercially useful function is performed; (b) is listed in the Permits and License Tax Paid File with a Project Area or Survey Area business street address; (c) possesses a current Business Tax Registration Certificate at the time of the application for certification as a SBE; (d) has been located and doing business in a Project Area or Survey Area for at least six months preceding its application for certification as a SBE; and (e) has a Project Area or Survey Area office in which business is transacted that is appropriately equipped for the type of business for which the enterprise seeks certification as a SBE. Post office box numbers of residential addresses alone shall not suffice to establish a firms’ location in a Project Area or Survey Area.

“Project Area” means an area of San Francisco that meets the requirements under Community Redevelopment Law, Health and Safety Code Section 33320.1. These areas currently include the Bayview Industrial Triangle, Bayview Hunters Point (Area B), Hunters Point Shipyard, Mission Bay (North), Mission Bay (South), Rincon Point/South Beach, South of Market, and Transbay.

“San Francisco-based Small Business Enterprise” means a business that meets the above-definition of Small Business Enterprise and that: (a) has fixed offices located within the geographical boundaries of the City; (b) is listed in the Permits and License Tax Paid File with a San Francisco business street address; (c) possesses a current Business Tax Registration Certificate at the time of the application for certification as a SBE; (d) has been located and doing business in the City for at least six months preceding its application for certification as a SBE; and (e) has a San Francisco office in which business is transacted that is appropriately equipped for the type of business for which the enterprise seeks certification as a SBE. Post office box numbers or residential addresses alone shall not suffice to establish a firm's status as local.

“Specialty Construction Contractor” means a contractor licensed by the Contractors State License Board under the “C” classification license pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Section 7058.

“Survey Area” means an area of San Francisco that meets the requirements of the Community Redevelopment Law, Health and Safety Code Section 33310. These areas currently include Bayview Hunters Point Redevelopment Survey Area C.

IV. SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISES CONTRACTING GOAL

- A. In order to meet the mission of the Agency and promote economic development in Project Areas, the Agency intends to establish targets for SBE participation in Agency and Agency-Assisted Contracts. It also intends to provide Project Area Small Businesses with First Consideration to contracting opportunities with the Agency or through the prime contractors for Agency-Assisted Contracts.
- B. The Agency's overall SBE participation goals (for prime contracts) shall be set at 50%. This means that the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor shall use its best efforts to award at least 50% of all Agency-Assisted Contracts covered by this policy to SBEs. The ability of the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor to meet this goal will depend, in part, on 1) the availability of qualified SBEs capable of providing the goods or services required by the contract; and 2) the availability of SBEs who provide price quotes that are reasonable and do not exceed competitive levels beyond amounts that can be attributed to the increased costs faced by small local businesses. Accordingly, the Agency may, at its discretion, change the participation goals, on a contract-by-contract basis, in its own contracts or in Agency-Assisted Contracts.
- C. **Agency SBE Prime Contract Participation Goals are:**

CONSTRUCTION	50%
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	50%
SUPPLIERS	50%

- D. **First Consideration:** will be given by the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor in awarding contracts in the following order: 1) Project Area SBEs, 2) San Francisco-based SBEs (outside an Agency Project or Survey Area), and 3) All other SBEs. Non San Francisco-based SBEs should be used to satisfy participation goals only if Project Area SBEs or San Francisco-based SBEs are not available, qualified, or if their bids or fees are significantly higher than those of non San Francisco-based SBEs.
- E. **Associations and Joint Ventures (JV):** OCII will recognize JVs and Associations between non-SBE firms and SBE firms where the SBE partner performs at least 35% of the work defined in the JV or Association agreement, and receives at least 35% (or a proportionate share, whichever is higher) of the dollars to be earned by the JV or Association. Under this arrangement, OCII will deem the JV or Association to be an SBE for the purposes of meeting the SBE goal. Due to the technical nature of the disciplines and the various standards of each industry, OCII will not require a standardized agreement. However, each JV and Association agreement must be in writing and contain, at a minimum, the following terms:
- Define the management of the agreement between the parties;
 - Define the technical and managerial responsibilities of each party;

- Define the scope of work to be performed by each party, and where possible identify the percentage and break-down of scope of work for each party;
- Identify any additional subcontractors or consultants that will perform the work under the agreement;
- Define the schedule, duration, and deliverable of the agreement;
- Detail the fee schedule, fee breakdown, or division of compensation;
- Specify insurance requirements and/or if each party shall maintain its own insurance;
- Specify how additional work or changes in scope shall be negotiated or determined and which party shall be responsible for notifying OCII of the changes;
- Specify how claims and disputes will be resolved.

A copy of the JV or Association agreement must be provided to OCII for approval in order for the JV or Association to be recognized.

F. **Certification**: Only firms certified as SBEs will be counted toward meeting the participation goals described above. The SBE firm must be certified by OCII or another governmental entity pursuant to the SBE Certification Criteria set forth in Exhibit I.

G. **Good Faith Efforts - Agency**: The goals established in Article IV.C above of this SBE Policy are targets the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will make a good faith effort to achieve for prime contracts. Accordingly, good faith efforts must be taken to assure that these firms are utilized when possible as sources of supplies, equipment, construction, and services. Good faith efforts shall include the following:

1. **Contract Size**. Where appropriate, the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will divide the work in order to encourage maximum SBE participation or, alternatively, SBEs will be encouraged to joint venture. Each responsible staff person, developer or prime contractor/consultant shall identify specific items of each contract that may be performed by subcontractors and, if necessary, provide a list of prospective SBEs for the bidder(s).
2. **Advertise**. For contracts procured using the Competitive Sealed Bids-Public Contract Code Procedure or the RFP/RFQ Procedure, unless there are special circumstances, the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will advertise for 30 days prior to the opening of bids or proposals in media focused on small businesses including the Bid and Contract Opportunities website through the City's Purchasing Department and the Procurement Opportunities section of local publications.
3. **Prepare List of SBEs**. Each responsible staff person, developer or prime contractor/consultant shall request the Contract Compliance Office to assemble a list of all known SBEs in the pertinent field(s). This list will be

made available to the public upon request. Compliance Staff will consult with other redevelopment agencies and government agencies to identify small businesses, particularly those in Project and Survey Areas, that have expertise in areas used by the Agency; the Contract Compliance Office will continue its present practice of regularly updating a variety of lists.

4. Public Solicitation. The Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will mail Requests for Qualifications (RFQs) or Requests for Proposals (RFPs) to SBEs. It will follow up initial solicitations of interest by contacting SBEs to determine with certainty whether they are interested in performing specific items in a project. The Agency will also make contacts with SBE contractor associations or development centers, or any agencies that disseminate bid and contract information and provide technical assistance to SBEs.
5. Convene Pre-Bid or Pre-Solicitation Meetings. On consulting contracts that are \$5,000 or more and construction contracts estimated to cost \$5,000 or more, procured using the Competitive Sealed Bids or Public Contract Code Procedure or the RFP/RFQ Procedure, the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will send written invitations to potential SBE candidates to attend pre-bid or pre-solicitation meetings for the purpose of answering questions about the process and the specifications and requirements. Representatives of the Contract Compliance Office will also participate.
6. Outreach and Other Assistance. The Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will a) provide SBEs with plans, specifications and requirements for all or part of the project; b) make contacts with SBE contractor associations or development centers, or any agencies that disseminate bid and contract information and provide technical assistance to SBEs; and c) follow up initial solicitations of interest by contacting SBE firms to determine with certainty whether they are interested in performing specific items in a project.
7. Insurance and Bonding. Where lines of credit, insurance and bonding are potential problems for small businesses, the Agency or Agency-Assisted contractor should contact staff to explain the Agency's insurance and bonding requirements, answer questions about them, and be prepared to suggest avenues of assistance.
8. Focused Meetings. The Agency or Agency-Assisted contractor shall participate in meetings convened by staff for SBEs focusing on opportunities for particular industries, e.g., a joint meeting of housing sponsors and small architectural firms based in a Project Area.
9. Monitoring. The Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor will keep track of the date that each response, proposal or bid was received from SBEs, including the amount bid by and the amount to be paid (if different) to

the non-SBE contractor that was selected. If the responsible staff person or bidder/proposer asserts that there were reasons other than the respective amounts bid for not awarding the contract to or selecting an SBE, he or she must be prepared to provide valid reasons(s) for any rejections.

V. SUBCONTRACTING - BY PRIME CONTRACTORS

- A. **Subcontracting Goal** The Agency intends to establish a subcontracting participation goal for SBEs at 50%, but recognizes that this goal may vary depending on the extent of subcontracting opportunities presented by the contract and the availability of SBE subcontractors capable of providing goods or services required by the contract. Accordingly, the Agency, at its discretion, may change the participation goals on a contract-by-contract basis.
- B. **First Consideration** will be given in the following order: 1) Project Area SBEs, 2) San Francisco-based SBEs (outside an Agency Project or Survey Area), and 3) All other SBEs.
- C. **Good Faith Efforts - Subcontracting**. The Agency will continue its efforts to maximize the involvement of SBE subcontractors by having each responsible staff person:
1. Request the Contract Compliance Office to assemble for the prime, a list of all known SBEs, particularly those in Project or Survey Areas, in the pertinent field(s). This list will be made available to the public upon request.
 2. Identify specific items of each contract that may be performed by subcontractors and, if necessary, provide a list of prospective SBEs for the bidder(s).
 3. Send notices to appropriate organizations of the opportunities of SBEs to obtain subcontracts with the Agency.
 4. Advise SBEs of its insurance requirements and offer SBEs advice on meeting the requirements.
- D. **Contract Provision Requiring Good Faith Efforts**. Agency staff shall include in prime contracts provisions that require prospective contractors that will be utilizing subcontractors to make the following good faith efforts to subcontract to SBEs:
1. Consult with the Agency and other agencies, including government agencies to identify small businesses that have expertise in areas needed by the Agency.

2. Document efforts undertaken to encourage subbidder(s) to obtain SBE participation at a lower tier including identifying specific items of the contract that may be performed by SBE subcontractors and prospective SBEs to perform such items.
 3. Make contacts with SBEs, associations or development centers, or any agencies, which disseminate bid and contract information to SBEs. Follow up initial solicitations of interest by contacting small business enterprises to determine with certainty whether they are interested in performing specific items in a project. This provision includes making direct written solicitation with a complete scope of work to all Agency certified SBEs that provide any subcontract portion of the proposed work.
 4. Keep track of the date that each response, proposal or bid was received from SBEs, including the amount bid by and the amount to be paid (if different) to the non-SBE contractor that was selected. If the bidder/proposer asserts that there were reasons other than the respective amounts bid for not awarding the contract to or selecting an SBE, he or she must be prepared to provide valid reasons(s) for any rejections.
 5. Assist SBEs relative to obtaining and explaining plans, specifications and contract requirements.
 6. Assist SBEs with respect to bonding, lines of credit, etc.
 7. Extend negotiation efforts to SBEs or be prepared to explain the reasons for not negotiating with SBEs.
 8. Prepare a report which shows for each private project and each public project (without an SBE Program) undertaken by the consultant in the preceding 12 months, the total dollar amount of the contract and the percentage of the contract dollars that were awarded to SBEs.
 9. Document any other efforts undertaken to encourage participation by SBE.
- E. **Technical Assistance.** As appropriate, Agency staff shall suggest various sources of assistance to SBEs such as U.S. Small Business Administration ("**SBA**"), U.S. Minority Business Development Agency, San Francisco Renaissance, SCORE (Service Corps of Retired Executives), Urban Solutions, as well as other local community based economic development organizations.
- F. **Aid to Unsuccessful Bidders.** As an aid to unsuccessful bidders the Agency will make available upon reasonable request the following information within a reasonable time (usually within 30 days) after the selection of a contractor/consultant:

For construction contractors:

1. A summary of unit prices taken from the bid documents.
2. A list of subcontractors, nature of work, and bid dollar amount from the bid documents.

For professional consultants:

1. All submissions received in response to RFQs or RFPs and, upon request, an explanation of the Agency's insurance and bonding requirements, and brochures that describe any bonding program in effect.

VI. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS

A. Construction contracts and subcontracts awarded for \$5,000 or more shall contain a provision that requires contractors and subcontractors to comply with the Agency's Construction Work Force, Prevailing Wage Provision/Labor Standards, and Small Business Enterprise Program.

B. **Compliance with Prompt Payment Statute:**

1. Construction contracts and subcontracts awarded for \$5,000 or more shall contain the following provision:
 - i) "Amounts for work performed by a subcontractor shall be paid within seven (7) days of receipt of funds by the contractor, in accordance with California Business and Professions Code Section 7108.5 et seq. Failure to include this provision in a subcontractor or failure to comply with this provision shall constitute an event of default which would permit the Agency to exercise any and all remedies available to it under contract, at law or in equity."
2. In addition to and not in contradiction to the Prompt Payment Statute (California Business and Professions Code Section 7108.5 et seq.), if a dispute arises which would allow a Contractor to withhold payment to a subcontractor due to a dispute, the Contractor shall only withhold that amount which directly relates to the dispute and shall promptly pay the remaining undisputed amount, if any.

VII. SUBMISSION OF ELECTRONIC CERTIFIED PAYROLLS

A. For any contract which requires the submission of certified payroll reports, each Contractor (which herein includes subcontractors regardless of tier) shall comply with the Agency's Construction Work Force and Prevailing Wage Provision/Labor Standards reporting requirements. Contractors are advised that the Agency will not be liable for interest, charges or costs arising out of or relating to any delay in making progress payments due to Contractor's failure to make a timely and accurate submittal of weekly certified payrolls.

- B. In addition to the above, Contractor shall comply with the requirements of California Labor Code Section 1776, or as amended from time to time, regarding the keeping, filing and furnishing of certified copies of payroll records of wages paid to its employees and to the employees of its Subcontractors of all tiers.
- C. The Contractor shall make the payroll records available to for inspection at all reasonable hours at the job site office of Contractor.
- D. Contractor is solely responsible for compliance with Labor Code Section 1776 or this SBE Policy. The Agency shall not be liable for Contractor's failure to make timely or accurate submittals of certified payrolls.

VIII. AUTHORIZATION

- A. When staff seeks contract authorization staff shall document and report to the Executive Director and/or the Commission:
 - 1. Whether the Contract Compliance Office provided a list of potential SBEs to be invited for the scope of work being considered.
 - 2. Where appropriate, how the potential work was divided into small contracts to ensure that the scope of work was not too large for an SBE to bid or submit a proposal or how potential SBEs were encouraged to joint venture.
 - 3. That specific items of the contract that may be performed by SBE subcontractors were identified and prospective SBEs were identified for the bidder(s).
 - 4. On consulting service contracts that are \$5,000 or more and construction contracts estimated to cost \$5,000 or more, that prospective SBEs were invited to a pre-bid and/or pre-solicitation meeting for the purpose of answering questions about the process, the bonding and insurance requirements, the specifications and other requirements.
 - 5. All outreach efforts including advertisements or notifications to trade associations or other groups that were made as part of attempts to reach potential SBE candidates.

IX. APPEALS

Any bidder or proposer wishing to appeal a staff recommendation for awarding a contract will be notified of the proposed action and will have an opportunity to be heard by the full Commission when the item comes up on the Agenda.

X. WAIVER

Any of the SBE requirements may be waived if the Agency determines that a specific requirement is not relevant to the particular situation at issue, that SBEs were not available, or that SBEs were charging an unreasonable price. All waivers involving Agency contracts shall be reported to the Commission.

XI. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this SBE Policy are declared to be separate and severable. The invalidity or unenforceability of one or more provisions of this SBE Policy shall in no way affect the validity of the remainder.

EXHIBIT I

SBE CERTIFICATION CRITERIA

- A. The Agency will consider the certifications or denials of the Contract Monitoring Division (CMD) of the City and County of San Francisco and will accept those certifications or denials from CMD and other governmental entities that are consistent with the standards of the Agency.
- B. The Agency shall make efforts to enter into reciprocal agreements with other agencies that have similar certification standards and policies.
- C. In order to be certified as an SBE the business must meet all of the requirements contained in the SBE Policy, as applicable, and in this SBE Certification Criteria.
- D. In order for a joint venture or association to be recognized as an SBE, the joint venture or association must be organized pursuant to the Agency's SBE Policy and be approved by the Agency.
- E. The Agency will not recognize a subcontractor as an SBE if it sub-contracts more than 50 percent of its subcontract amount to non-SBEs.
- F. A contractor may substitute the amount of a purchase order to a SBE supplier for up to 15 percent of the SBE subcontractor goals. In order to be recognized, a supplier must perform a commercially useful function in the supply process. However, if the supplier is acting as a mere conduit such as a manufacturer's representative or broker then only the amount of the commission or three percent (3%), whichever is greater, will be credited towards meeting the SBE goals. If none of the work is to be subcontracted, SBE suppliers may be utilized without limitation.
- G. If a firm contends that it is an SBE, the Agency may request the owner to submit to the Agency an Application for Certification (Small Business Enterprise Affidavit) under penalty of perjury that swearing to the truth and accuracy of all statements made and material submitted to the Agency, including additional information. If certified by the HRC, a copy of a current HRC certification shall be submitted.
- H. An eligible SBE shall be an independent business. In determining whether a business is independent, the Agency shall examine the adequacy of the business's resources for the scope of work under a proposed contract, its financial independence, the extent of its equipment leasing, and its relationships with non-SBEs. Relationships with non-SBE firms will be scrutinized as to whether the SBE firm:
 - 1. Is known in the industry or trade to be operated by a non-SBE;
 - 2. Is operated in tandem with a non-SBE;

3. Has multiple licenses, some of which are affiliated with non-SBEs;
 4. Itself owns the equipment or trucks that are to be used on the job;
 5. Is listed in the telephone book, preferably in the Yellow Pages under the class for which it is seeking Agency recognition;
 6. Subcontracts back to, leases from, or is back-contracted or joint venturer(s) in an amount unrelated to shared risks and profits. Back contracting includes any agreement or other arrangement between a prime contractor and its subcontractor where the prime contractor performs or secures the performance of the subcontract in such a fashion and/or under such terms and conditions that the prime contractor enjoys the financial benefit of the subcontract. Said agreement or other arrangement includes, but is not limited to, situations where either a contractor or subcontractor agrees that any term, condition or obligation imposed upon the subcontractor by the subcontract shall be performed by or be the responsibility of the prime contractor.
 7. Maintains a permanent office separate from that of its sources of vehicles, subcontractors, the general contractor or from any joint venturer(s); and
 8. In the case of a supplier, carries the material being supplied as a regular part of its inventory.
- I. A SBE firm shall not have any formal or informal restrictions which limit the customary discretion of the owner. The owner should have the authority to perform all of the below functions:
1. Manage either the marketing or production aspects of the business;
 2. Be authorized to sign on all bank accounts, to draw against letters of credit, and to secure surety bonds and insurance; and
 3. Control the profit sharing, pensions or stock option plans.
- J. In order to be considered a Project Area SBE, the business must meet the definition of Project Area Small Business Enterprise in Article III, Definitions.
- K. In order to be considered a San Francisco-based SBE, the business must meet the definition of San Francisco-based SBE in Article III, Definitions.
- L. License Qualification Essential: If state or local law requires a person to have a particular license or other credential in order to own and/or control a certain type of firm, then the person(s) who owns and controls an SBE applicant firm of that type must possess the required license or credential. An owner of an SBE applicant firm who is employed by a non-SBE in a similar line of business of the

applicant firm and who is used to qualify a professional business as an SBE does not meet the Agency's SBE requirements of having management and control of the business. Likewise, an owner of an SBE applicant firm who is employed by a non-SBE construction firm and who is used to qualify a construction business as an SBE cannot meet the Agency's SBE requirements of having management and control of the business. An owner who is certified by the Agency for one profession, e.g., electrical engineering, cannot attribute that certification to another profession, e.g., mechanical engineering, unless he or she is registered for more than one professional license. By extension a certified SBE plumbing business must also be certified to perform electrical work to be an eligible SBE electrical contractor. For businesses that do not require a license, the managing owner must have training, education and work experience in that type of business.

- M. A business requesting to be acknowledged as an SBE shall supply the Agency with all such additional information as the Agency may deem relevant in order to make a determination of such status. If such information is not supplied within 45 days of it being requested, the Agency may consider the Application for certification withdrawn.
- N. A change in ownership of a firm will be carefully scrutinized. The following factors shall be considered:
1. The reason of the timing of the change in ownership of the business relative to the time that bids are opened or proposals are considered;
 2. Whether the interest of a non-disadvantaged firm conflicts with the ownership and control requirements of this SBE Policy.
 3. Whether an employee-owner who had previous or continuing employee-employer relationship between or among present owners has management responsibilities and capabilities.
- O. Grandfather clause: Firms that were certified as Disadvantaged Minority-owned Business Enterprises (MBE) and Woman-owned Business Enterprises (WBE) in 2004 were automatically deemed certified as SBEs on the effective date of this policy so long as they continue to meet the economic and other standards for SBEs described in this SBE Policy.
- P. In its sole and absolute discretion, the Agency, in interpreting the provisions of this SBE Policy, may rely on the provisions, rules, standards, and other guidance under the Local Business Enterprise Program of the City and County of San Francisco, S.F. Administrative Code Chapter 14B, to the extent that those provisions, rules, standards, and guidance are consistent with this SBE Policy.
- Q. The SBE Agreement executed by the developer and/or contractor is the implementation document for the SBE Policy.

ATTACHMENT TO SBE POLICY

SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT

The company or entity executing this Small Business Enterprise Agreement, by and through its duly authorized representative, hereby agrees to use good faith efforts to comply with all of the following:

I. PURPOSE. The purpose of entering into this Small Business Enterprise Program agreement (“**SBE Program**”) is to establish a set of Small Business Enterprise (“SBE”) participation goals and good faith efforts designed to ensure that monies are spent in a manner which provides SBEs with an opportunity to compete for and participate in contracts by or at the behest of the Successor Agency to the San Francisco Redevelopment Agency (“**Agency**”) and/or the Agency-Assisted Contractor. A genuine effort will be made to give First Consideration to Project Area SBEs and San Francisco-based SBEs before looking outside of San Francisco.

II. APPLICATION. The SBE Program applies to all Contractors and their subcontractors seeking work on Agency-Assisted Projects on or after November 17, 2004 and any Amendment to a Pre-existing Contract.

III. GOALS. The Agency’s SBE Participation Goals are:

CONSTRUCTION	50%
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	50%
SUPPLIERS	50%

IV. TRAINEE HIRING GOAL. In addition to the goals set forth above in Section III, there is a trainee hiring goal for all design professionals (architects, engineers, planners, and environmental consultants) on contracts or subcontracts over \$100,000. The trainee hiring goal requires architects, engineers and other design professionals only to hire qualified San Francisco residents as trainees. The trainee hiring goal is based upon the total amount of the design professional’s contract as follows:

<u>Trainees</u>	<u>Design Professional Fees</u>
0	\$ 0 – \$99,000
1	\$ 100,000 – \$249,999
2	\$ 250,000 – \$499,999
3	\$ 500,000 – \$999,999
4	\$1,000,000 – \$1,499,999
5	\$1,500,000 – \$1,999,999
6	\$2,000,000 - \$4,999,999
7	\$5,000,000 - \$7,999,999
8	\$8,000,000 – or more

A. Procedures For Trainee Hires

1. Compliance with the Trainee Hiring Goal

Design professionals will be deemed in compliance with this Agreement by meeting or exceeding the trainee hiring goal or by take the following steps in good faith towards compliance.

2. Execution and Incorporation of this Agreement to Sub-agreements

The Agency-Assisted Contractor shall execute this Agreement and shall incorporate by reference or attach this Agreement to its contract(s) with the architects, engineers and other design professionals. Thus, each design professional (regardless of tier) will be obligated to comply with the terms of this Agreement. The Agency-Assisted Contractor and/or the design professionals shall retain the executed Agreements and make them available to the Agency Compliance Officer upon request.

3. Contact Educational Institutions

Each design professional shall call the City and County of San Francisco Office of Economic and Workforce Development (OEWD) or educational institution(s) and request referrals for the required trainee positions. The request will indicate generally: (1) the number of trainees sought; (2) the required skills set (keeping in mind that these are trainee positions); (3) a brief description of job duties; (4) the duration of the trainee period; and (5) any other information that would be helpful or necessary for the educational institution or OEWD to make the referral. The minimum duration of assignment is part-time for one semester. However, design professionals are strongly encouraged to offer longer trainee employment periods to allow a more meaningful learning experience. (For example, a half-time or full-time assignment over the summer.) Although the initial contact shall be made by phone, the educational institution(s) or OEWD may require the design professionals to send a confirming letter or complete its form(s). Each design professional is required to timely provide all of the information requested by the OEWD or educational institution(s) in order to get the referrals.

4. Response from Educational Institutions

Each educational institution may have a different way of referring applicants, such as: sending resumes directly to the design professional; having the applicant contact the design professional by phone; require design professionals to conduct on-campus interviews; or some other method. The timing and method of the response will normally be discussed with the design professional during the initial phone request. The design professional is required to follow the process set by the educational institution(s) in order to get the referrals.

5. Action by Design Professionals When Referrals Available

The design professional shall interview each applicant prior to making the decision to hire or not to hire. The design professional shall make the final determination whether the applicant is qualified for the trainee position and the ultimate hiring decision. The Agency strongly encourages the design professional to hire a qualified San Francisco resident referred by the educational institution(s). The design professional shall notify the educational institution in writing of the hiring decision.

6. Action by Design Professionals When Referrals Unavailable

If after contacting two or more educational institutions the design professional is informed that no San Francisco residents are currently available, then the design professional should wait thirty (30) days and contact the educational institutions a second time to inquire whether qualified San Francisco residents are currently available for hire as trainees. If no qualified San Francisco residents are currently available after the second request, then the design professional has fulfilled its obligation under this Agreement, provided that the design professional has acted in good faith. The design professional must retain its file on all of the steps it took to comply with this Section IV and submit a copy of its file to the Agency Compliance Officer upon request.

7. Action by Design Professional When No Response From Educational Institutions

If a design professional has not received a response to its request for referrals from any of the

educational institutions within five (5) business days after the design professional has fully complied with the procedures, if any, set by the educational institution(s) for obtaining referrals, then the design professional should immediately advise the Agency Compliance Officer by phone, fax or email. The Agency Compliance Officer or his/her designee shall cause the educational institution(s) to respond to the design professional within five (5) business days of the Agency Compliance Officer being notified. If the design professional still has not received a response from the educational institution(s) after this additional five (5) business day period has run, then the design professional has fulfilled its obligation under this Section IV, provided that the design professional has acted in good faith. Each design professional must retain its file on all of the steps it took to comply with this Agreement and submit a copy of its file to the Agency Compliance Officer upon request.

8. Termination of Trainee for Cause

If at any time during the Term, it becomes necessary to terminate for cause a trainee who was hired under this Agreement and the design professional has not met the minimum duration requirements under this policy, then the design professional shall hire a new trainee by following the process set forth above.

B. Reporting Requirements For Trainee Hires

1. Reporting

Upon completion of the Term of the Agreement or the term of the design professional's contract with the Agency-Assisted Contractor, whichever is less, the design professional (i.e. Employer) shall fax or email a report to the Agency Compliance Officer stating in detail: (1) the names of the San Francisco resident(s) interviewed for trainee positions; (2) the date(s) of each interview; (3) the reasons for not hiring the San Francisco resident(s) interviewed; (4) the name, address, gender and racial/ethnic background of the successful candidate for the trainee position; and (5) the number of San Francisco residents hired as trainees.

2. Report on Terminations

In the event a San Francisco resident hired pursuant to this Agreement is terminated for cause, the responsible design professional shall within five (5) days fax or email a termination report to the Agency Compliance Officer stating in detail: (1) the name of the trainee(s) terminated; (2) his/her job title and duties; (3) the reasons and circumstances leading to the termination(s); and (4) whether the design professional replaced the trainee(s).

V. TERM. The obligations of the Agency-Assisted Contractor and/or Contractor(s) with respect to SBE Program shall remain in effect until completion of all work to be performed by the Agency-Assisted Contractor in connection with the original construction of the site and any tenant improvements on the site performed by or at the behest of the Agency-Assisted Contractor unless another term is specified in the Agency-Assisted Contract or Contract.

VI. FIRST CONSIDERATION. First consideration will be given by the Agency or Agency-Assisted Contractor in awarding contracts in the following order: (1) Project Area SBEs, (2) San Francisco-based SBEs (outside an Agency Project or Survey Area, but within San Francisco), and (3) Non-San Francisco-based SBEs. Non-San Francisco-based SBEs should be used to satisfy participation goals only if Project Area SBEs or San Francisco-based SBEs are not available, qualified, or if their bids or fees are significantly higher than those of non-San Francisco-based SBEs.

VII. ASSOCIATIONS AND JOINT VENTURES (JV). OCII will recognize JVs and Associations

between non-SBE firms and SBE firms where the SBE partner performs at least 35% of the work defined in the JV or Association agreement, and receives at least 35% (or a proportionate share, whichever is higher) of the dollars to be earned by the JV or Association. Under this arrangement, OCII will deem the JV or Association to be an SBE for the purposes of meeting the SBE goal. Due to the technical nature of the disciplines and the various standards of each industry, OCII will not require a standardized agreement. However, each JV and Association agreement must be in writing and contain, at a minimum, the following terms:

- Define the management of the agreement between the parties;
- Define the technical and managerial responsibilities of each party;
- Define the scope of work to be performed by each party, and where possible identify the percentage and break-down of scope of work for each party;
- Identify any additional subcontractors or consultants that will perform the work under the agreement;
- Define the schedule, duration, and deliverable of the agreement;
- Detail the fee schedule, fee breakdown, or division of compensation;
- Specify insurance requirements and/or if each party shall maintain its own insurance;
- Specify how additional work or changes in scope shall be negotiated or determined and which party shall be responsible for notifying OCII of the changes;
- Specify how claims and disputes will be resolved.

A copy of the JV or Association agreement must be provided to OCII for approval in order for the JV or Association to be recognized.

VIII. CERTIFICATION. The Agency no longer certifies SBEs but instead relies on the information provided in other public entities' business certifications to establish eligibility for the Agency's program. Only businesses certified by the Agency as SBEs whose certification has not expired and economically disadvantaged businesses that meet the Agency's SBE Certification Criteria will be counted toward meeting the participation goals. The SBE Certification Criteria are set forth in the SBE Policy.

IX. INCORPORATION. Each contract between the Agency, Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor on the one hand, and any subcontractor on the other hand, shall physically incorporate as an attachment or exhibit and make binding on the parties to that contract, a true and correct copy of this SBE Agreement.

X. DEFINITIONS. Capitalized terms not otherwise specifically defined in this SBE Agreement have the meaning set forth in the Agency's SBE Policy adopted on November 16, 2004 and amended on July 21, 2009 ("**Policy**") or as defined in the Agency-Assisted Contract or Contract. In the event of a conflict in the meaning of a defined term, the SBE Policy shall govern over the Agency-Assisted Contract or Contract which in turn shall govern over this SBE Agreement.

Affiliates means an affiliation with another business concern is based on the power to control, whether exercised or not. Such factors as common ownership, common management and identity of interest (often found in members of the same family), among others, are indicators of affiliation. Power to control exists when a party or parties have 50 percent or more ownership. It may also exist with considerably less than 50 percent ownership by contractual arrangement or when one or more parties own a large share compared to other parties. Affiliated business concerns need not be in the same line of business.

Agency-Assisted Contract means, as applicable, the Development and Disposition Agreement

("DDA"), Land Disposition Agreement ("LDA"), Lease, Loan and Grant Agreements, and other similar contracts, and agreement that the Agency executed with for-profit or non-profit entities.

Agency-Assisted Contractor means any person(s), firm, partnership, corporation, or combination thereof, who is negotiating or has executed an Agency-Assisted Contract.

Agency Contract means personal services contracts, purchase requisitions, and other similar contracts and operations agreements that the Agency executes with for-profit or non-profit entities.

Amendment to a Pre-existing Contract means a material change to the terms of any contract, the term of which has not expired on or before the date that this Small Business Enterprise Policy ("SBE Policy") takes effect, but shall not include amendments to decrease the scope of work or decrease the amount to be paid under a contract.

Annual Receipts means "total income" (or in the case of a sole proprietorship, "gross income") plus "cost of goods sold" as these terms are defined and reported on Internal Revenue Service tax return forms. The term does not include net capital gains or losses; taxes collected for and remitted to a taxing authority if included in gross or total income, such as sales or other taxes collected from customers and excluding taxes levied on the concern or its employees; proceeds from transactions between a concern and its domestic or foreign affiliates; and amounts collected for another by a travel agent, real estate agent, advertising agent, conference management service provider, freight forwarder or customs broker. For size determination purposes, the only exclusions from receipts are those specifically provided for in this paragraph. All other items, such as subcontractor costs, reimbursements for purchases a contractor makes at a customer's request, and employee-based costs such as payroll taxes, may not be excluded from receipts. Typically, receipts are averaged over a concern's latest three (3) completed fiscal years to determine its average annual receipts. However, to the extent a public entity considers a five-year average in its certification program, OCII will accept the five-year average provided the remaining certification criteria of the public entity is consistent with OCII's criteria stipulated in this Policy. If a concern has not been in business for three (3) years, the average weekly revenue for the number of weeks the concern has been in business is multiplied by 52 to determine its average annual receipts.

Arbitration Party means all persons and entities who attend the arbitration hearing pursuant to Section XIII, as well as those persons and entities who are subject to a default award provided that all of the requirements in Section XIII.L. have been met.

Association means an agreement between two parties established for the purpose of completing a specific task or project. The associate agreement shall provide the SBE associate a significant project management role and the SBE associate shall be recognized in marketing and collateral material. The Association shall be distinguished from traditional subcontracting arrangements via a written Association agreement that defines the management of the agreement, technical and managerial responsibilities of the parties, and defined scopes and percentages of work to be performed by each party with its own resources and labor force. Unlike the more formal Joint Venture, an Association does not require formation of a new business enterprise between the parties. The Associate agreement shall contain, at a minimum, provisions required by Section VII and be subject to OCII approval.

Commercially Useful Function means that the business is directly responsible for providing the materials, equipment, supplies or services in the City and County of San Francisco ("City") as required by the solicitation or request for quotes, bids or proposals. Businesses that engage in the business of providing brokerage, referral or temporary employment services shall not be deemed to perform a "commercially useful function" unless the brokerage, referral or temporary employment services are required and sought by the Agency.

Contract means any agreement between the Agency and a person(s), firm, partnership, corporation, or combination thereof, to provide or procure labor, supplies or services to, for, or on behalf of the Agency.

Contractor means any person(s), firm, partnership, corporation, or combination thereof, who is negotiating or has executed a Contract.

Joint Venture means an entity established between two parties for the purposes of completing a venture or project. The Joint Venture agreement typically creates a separate business entity and requires acquisition of additional insurance for the newly created joint business entity. The Joint Venture agreement shall contain, at a minimum, provisions required by Section VII and be subject to OCII approval.

Non-San Francisco-based Small Business Enterprise means a SBE that has fixed offices located outside the geographical boundaries of the City.

Office” or “Offices means a fixed and established place(s) where work is performed of a clerical, administrative, professional or production nature directly pertinent to the business being certified. A temporary location or movable property or one that was established to oversee a project such as a construction project office does not qualify as an “office” under this SBE Policy. Work space provided in exchange for services (in lieu of monetary rent) does not constitute an “office.” The office is not required to be the headquarters for the business but it must be capable of providing all the services to operate the business for which SBE certification is sought. An arrangement for the right to use office space on an “as needed” basis where there is no office exclusively reserved for the business does not qualify as an office. The prospective SBE must submit a rental agreement for the office space, rent receipt or cancelled checks for rent payments. If the office space is owned by the prospective SBE, the business must submit property tax or a deed documenting ownership of the office.

Project Area Small Business Enterprise means a business that meets the above-definition of Small Business Enterprise and that: (a) has fixed offices located within the geographical boundaries of a Redevelopment Project or Survey Area where a commercially useful function is performed; (b) is listed in the Permits and License Tax Paid File with a Project Area or Survey Area business street address; (c) possesses a current Business Tax Registration Certificate at the time of the application for certification as a SBE; (d) has been located and doing business in a Project Area or Survey Area for at least six months preceding its application for certification as a SBE; and (e) has a Project Area or Survey Area office in which business is transacted that is appropriately equipped for the type of business for which the enterprise seeks certification as a SBE. Post office box numbers of residential addresses alone shall not suffice to establish a firms’ location in a Project Area or Survey Area.

Project Area means an area of San Francisco that meets the requirements under Community Redevelopment Law, Health and Safety Code Section 33320.1. These areas currently include the Bayview Industrial Triangle, Bayview Hunters Point (Area B), Hunters Point Shipyard, Mission Bay (North), Mission Bay (South), Rincon Point/South Beach, South of Market, and Transbay.

San Francisco-based Small Business Enterprise means a SBE that: (a) has fixed offices located within the geographical boundaries of the City where a commercially useful function is performed; (b) is listed in the Permits and License Tax Paid File with a San Francisco business street address; (c) possesses a current Business Tax Registration Certificate at the time of the application for certification as a SBE; (d) has been located and doing business in the City for at least six months preceding its application for certification as a SBE; and (e) has a San Francisco office in which business is transacted

that is appropriately equipped for the type of business for which the enterprise seeks certification as a SBE. Post office box numbers or residential addresses alone shall not suffice to establish a firm's status as local.

Small Business Enterprise (SBE) means an economically disadvantaged business that is certified by another public entity (either municipal, State, or federal agency) that considers the certification criteria stipulated in this Policy. In general, such criteria shall include a determination by the public entity as to whether an economically disadvantaged business is an independent and continuing business for profit; performs a commercially useful function; is owned and controlled by persons residing in the United States or its territories; and has average gross annual receipts in at least the three years (and no more than five years, if practiced by the public entity) immediately preceding its application for certification as a SBE that do not exceed the following limits:

Industry	OCII SBE Size Standard
Construction Contractors	\$24,000,000
Specialty Construction Contractors	\$14,000,000
Suppliers (goods/materials/ equipment and general services)	\$12,000,000
Professional Services	\$5,000,000
Trucking	\$5,000,000

In addition, an economically disadvantaged business shall meet the other certification criteria described in Exhibit I of the SBE Policy in order to be considered an SBE by the Agency.

In order to determine whether or not a firm meets the above economic size definitions, the Agency will use the firm's most recent business tax returns (i.e., 1040 with Schedule C for Sole Proprietorships, 1065s with K-1s for Partnerships, and 1120s for Corporations) to calculate the firm's average annual gross receipts. In addition, the calculation of a firm's size shall include the receipts of all affiliates.

Once a business reaches the average size threshold for the applicable industry the business ceases to be economically disadvantaged, it is not an eligible SBE and it will not be counted towards meeting SBE contracting requirements (or goals).

Specialty Construction Contractor means a contractor licensed by the Contractors State License Board under the "C" classification license pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Section 7058.

Survey Area means an area of San Francisco that meets the requirements of the Community Redevelopment Law, Health and Safety Code Section 33310. These areas currently include the Bayview Hunters Point Redevelopment Survey Area C.

XI. GOOD FAITH EFFORTS TO MEET SBE GOALS Compliance with the following steps will be the basis for determining if the Agency-Assisted Contractor and/or Consultant has made good faith efforts to meet the goals for SBEs:

A. Outreach. Not less than 30 days prior to the opening of bids or the selection of contractors, the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor shall:

1. **Advertise.** Advertise for SBEs interested in competing for the contract, in general circulation media, trade association publications, including timely use of the ***Bid and Contract Opportunities*** newsletter published by the City and County of San Francisco Purchasing Department and media focused specifically on SBE businesses such as the ***Small Business Exchange***, of the opportunity to submit bids or proposals and to attend a pre-bid meeting to learn about contracting opportunities.

2. **Request List of SBEs.** Request from the Agency's Contract Compliance Department a list of all known SBEs in the pertinent field(s), particularly those in the Project and Survey Areas and provide written notice to all of them of the opportunity to bid for contracts and to attend a pre-bid or pre-solicitation meeting to learn about contracting opportunities.

B. Pre-Solicitation Meeting. For construction contracts estimated to cost \$5,000 or more, hold a pre-bid meeting for all interested contractors not less than 15 days prior to the opening of bids or the selection of contractors for the purpose answering questions about the selection process and the specifications and requirements. Representatives of the Contract Compliance Department will also participate.

C. Follow-up. Follow up initial solicitations of interest by contacting the SBEs to determine with certainty whether the enterprises are interested in performing specific items involved in work.

D. Subdivide Work. Divide, to the greatest extent feasible, the contract work into small units to facilitate SBE participation, including, where feasible, offering items of the contract work which the Contractor would normally perform itself.

E. Provide Timely and Complete Information. The Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor shall provide SBEs with complete, adequate and ongoing information about the plans, specifications and requirements of construction work, service work and material supply work. This paragraph does not require the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor to give SBEs any information not provided to other contractors. This paragraph does require the Agency Assisted Contractor and Contractor to answer carefully and completely all reasonable questions asked by SBEs and to undertake every good faith effort to ensure that SBEs understand the nature and the scope of the work.

F. Good Faith Negotiations. Negotiate with SBEs in good faith and demonstrate that SBEs were not rejected as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capacities.

G. Bid Shopping Prohibited. Prohibit the shopping of the bids. Where the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor learns that bid shopping has occurred, it shall treat such bid shopping as a material breach of contract.

H. Other Assistance. Assist SBEs in their efforts to obtain bonds, lines of credit and insurance. (Note that the Agency has a Surety Bond Program that may assist SBEs in obtaining necessary bonding.) The Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) shall require no more stringent bond or insurance standards of SBEs than required of other business enterprises.

I. Delivery Scheduling. Establish delivery schedules which encourage participation of SBEs.

J. Utilize SBEs as Lower Tier Subcontractors. The Agency-Assisted Contractor and its Contractor(s) shall encourage and assist higher tier subcontractors in undertaking good faith efforts to utilize SBEs as lower tier subcontractors.

K. Maximize Outreach Resources. Use the services of SBE associations, federal, state and local SBE assistance offices and other organizations that provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of SBEs, including the Small Business Administration and the Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce. However, only SBEs certified by the Agency shall count towards meeting the participation goal.

L. Replacement of SBE. If during the term of this SBE Agreement, it becomes necessary to replace any subcontractor or supplier, the Agency's Contract Compliance Specialist should be notified prior to replacement due to the failure or inability of the subcontractor or supplier to perform the required services or timely delivery the required supplies, then First Consideration should be given to a certified SBE, if available, as a replacement.

XII. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

A. No Retaliation. No employee shall be discharged or in any other manner discriminated against by the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor because such employee has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or relating to enforcement of this Agreement.

B. No Discrimination. There shall be no discrimination against or segregation of any person, or group of persons, on account of race, color, religion, creed, national origin or ancestry, sex, gender identity, age, marital or domestic partner status, sexual orientation or disability (including HIV or AIDS status) in the performance of an Agency-Assisted Contract or Contract. The Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor will ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, creed, national origin or ancestry, sex, gender identity, age, marital or domestic partner status, sexual orientation or disability (including HIV or AIDS status) or other protected class status. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; selection for training, including apprenticeship; and provision of any services or accommodations.

C. Compliance with Prompt Payment Statute. Construction contracts and subcontracts awarded for \$5,000 or more shall contain the following provision:

“Amounts for work performed by a subcontractor shall be paid within seven (7) days of receipt of funds by the contractor, pursuant to California Business and Professions Code Section 7108.5 *et seq.* Failure to include this provision in a subcontractor or failure to comply with this provision shall constitute an event of default which would permit the Agency to exercise any and all remedies available to it under contract, at law or in equity.”

In addition to and not in contradiction to the Prompt Payment Statute (California Business and Professions Code Section 7108.5 *et seq.*), if a dispute arises which would allow a Contractor to withhold payment to a subcontractor due to a dispute, the Contractor shall only withhold that amount which directly relates to the dispute and shall promptly pay the remaining undisputed amount, if any.

D. Submission Of Electronic Certified Payrolls. For any Agency-Assisted Contract which requires the submission of certified payroll reports, the requirements of Section VII of the Agency's Small Business Enterprise Policy shall apply. Please see the Small Business Enterprise Policy for more details.

XIII. PROCEDURES

A. Notice to Agency. The Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) shall provide the Agency with the following information within 10 days of awarding a contract or selecting subconsultant:

1. the nature of the contract, e.g. type and scope of work to be performed;
2. the dollar amount of the contract;
3. the name, address, license number, gender and ethnicity of the person to whom the contract was awarded; And
4. SBE status of each subcontractor or subconsultant.

B. Affidavit. If the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) contend that the contract has been awarded to a SBE, the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) shall, at the same time also submit to the Agency a SBE Application for Certification and its accompanying Affidavit completed by the SBE owner. However, a SBE that was previously certified by the Agency shall submit only the short SBE Eligibility Statement.

C. Good Faith Documentation. If the 50% SBE Participation Goals are not met in each category (Construction, Professional Services and Suppliers), the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) shall meet and confer with the Agency at a date and time set by the Agency. If the issue of the Agency-Assisted Contractor's or Contractor's good faith efforts is not resolved at this meeting, the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor shall submit to the Agency within five (5) days, a declaration under penalty of perjury containing the following documentation with respect to the good faith efforts ("**Submission**"):

1. A report showing the responses, rejections, proposals and bids (including the amount of the bid) received from SBEs, including the date each response, proposal or bid was received. This report shall indicate the action taken by the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) in response to each proposal or bid received from SBEs, including the reasons(s) for any rejections.

2. A report showing the date that the bid was received, the amount bid by and the amount to be paid (if different) to the non-SBE contractor that was selected. If the non-SBE contractor who was selected submitted more than one bid, the amount of each bid and the date that each bid was received shall be shown in the report. If the bidder asserts that there were reasons other than the respective amounts bid for not awarding the contract to an SBE, the report shall also contain an explanation of these reasons.

3. Documentation of advertising for and contacts with SBEs, contractor associations or development centers, or any other agency which disseminates bid and contract information to small business enterprises.

4. Copies of initial and follow-up correspondence with SBEs, contractor associations and other agencies, which assist SBEs.

5. A description of the assistance provided SBE firms relative to obtaining and explaining plans, specifications and contract requirements.

6. A description of the assistance provided to SBEs with respect to bonding, lines of credit, etc.

7. A description of efforts to negotiate or a statement of the reasons for not negotiating with SBEs.

8. A description of any divisions of work undertaken to facilitate SBE participation.
9. Documentation of efforts undertaken to encourage subcontractors to obtain small business enterprise participation at a lower tier.
10. A report which shows for each private project and each public project (without a SBE program) undertaken by the bidder in the preceding 12 months, the total dollar amount of the contract and the percentage of the contract dollars awarded to SBEs and the percentage of contract dollars awarded to non-SBEs.
11. Documentation of any other efforts undertaken to encourage participation by small business enterprises.

D. Presumption of Good Faith Efforts. If the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) achieves the Participation Goals, it will not be required to submit Good Faith Effort documentation.

E. Waiver. Any of the SBE requirements may be waived if the Agency determines that a specific requirement is not relevant to the particular situation at issue, that SBEs were not available, or that SBEs were charging an unreasonable price.

F. SBE Determination. The Agency shall exercise its reasonable judgment in determining whether a business, whose name is submitted by the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) as a SBE, is owned and controlled by a SBE. A firm's appearance in any of the Agency's current directories will be considered by the Agency as prima facie evidence that the firm is a SBE. Where the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) makes a submission the Agency shall make a determination, as to whether or not a business which the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor(s) claims is a SBE is in fact owned and controlled by San Francisco-based SBEs. If the Agency determines that the business is not a SBE, the Agency shall give the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor a Notice of Non-Qualification and provide the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor with a reasonable period (not to exceed 20 days) in which to meet with the Agency and if necessary make a Submission, concerning its good faith efforts. If the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor disagrees with the Agency's Notice of Non-Qualification, the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor may request arbitration pursuant to Section XIII.

G. Agency Investigation. Where the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor makes a Submission and, as a result, the Agency has cause to believe that the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor has failed to undertake good faith efforts, the Agency shall conduct an investigation, and after affording the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor notice and an opportunity to be heard, shall recommend such remedies and sanctions as it deems necessary to correct any alleged violation(s). The Agency shall give the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor a written Notice of Non-Compliance setting forth its findings and recommendations. If the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor disagrees with the findings and recommendations of the Agency as set forth in the Notice of Non-Compliance, the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor may request arbitration pursuant to this SBE Agreement.

XIV. ARBITRATION OF DISPUTES.

A. Arbitration by AAA. Any dispute regarding this SBE Agreement shall be determined by arbitration through the American Arbitration Association, San Francisco, California office ("AAA") in accordance with the Commercial Rules of the AAA then applicable, but subject to the further revisions

thereof. The arbitration shall take place in the City and County of San Francisco.

B. Demand for Arbitration. Where the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor disagrees with the Agency's Notice of Non-Qualification or Notice of Non-Compliance, **the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor shall have seven (7) business days, in which to file a Demand for Arbitration**, unless otherwise stipulated by the parties. The Demand for Arbitration shall contain at a minimum: (1) a cover letter demanding arbitration under this provision and identifying any entities believed to be involved in the dispute; (2) a copy of the Notice of Non-Qualification or Notice of Non-Compliance; and (3) any written response to the Notice of Non-Qualification or Notice of Non-Compliance. If the Agency-Assisted Contractor and Contractor fail to file a timely Demand for Arbitration, the Agency-Assisted Contractor and Contractor shall be deemed to have accepted and to be bound by the finding of Non-Qualification or the findings and recommendations contained in the Notice of Non-Compliance.

C. Parties' Participation. The Agency and all persons or entities who have a contractual relationship affected by the dispute shall be made an Arbitration Party. Any such person or entity not made an Arbitration Party in the Demand for Arbitration may intervene as an Arbitration Party and in turn may name any other such person or entity as an Arbitration Party, provided however, that the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor made an initial timely Demand for Arbitration pursuant to Section XIII.B. above.

D. Agency Request to AAA. Within seven (7) business days after service of a Demand for Arbitration, the Agency shall transmit to AAA a copy of the Demand for Arbitration, the Notice of Non-Qualification or Notice of Non-Compliance, and any written response thereto from the affected party. Such material shall be made part of the arbitration record.

E. Selection of Arbitrator. One arbitrator shall arbitrate the dispute. The arbitrator shall be selected from the panel of arbitrators from AAA by the parties to the arbitration in accordance with the AAA rules. The parties shall act diligently in this regard. If the Arbitration Parties fail to agree on an arbitrator within seven (7) days from the receipt of the panel, AAA shall appoint the arbitrator. A condition to the selection of any arbitrator shall be that person's agreement to render a decision within ninety (90) days from the arbitrator's fulfillment of the disclosure requirements set forth in California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1281.9.

F. Setting of Arbitration Hearing. A hearing shall be held within ninety (90) days of the date of the filing of the Request, unless otherwise agreed by the parties. The arbitrator shall set the date, time and place for the arbitration hearing(s) within the prescribed time periods by giving notice by hand delivery or first class mail to each Arbitration Party.

G. Discovery. In arbitration proceedings hereunder, discovery shall be permitted in accordance with Code of Civil Procedure §1283.05.

H. Burden of Proof. The burden of proof with respect to SBE status and/or Good Faith Efforts shall be on the Agency-Assisted Contractor and/or Contractor. The burden of proof as to all other alleged breaches by the Agency-Assisted Contractor and/or Contractor shall be on the Agency.

I. California Law Applies. Except where expressly stated to the contrary in this SBE Agreement, California law, including the California Arbitration Act, Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1280 through 1294.2, shall govern all arbitration proceedings.

J. Arbitration Remedies and Sanctions. The arbitrator may impose only the remedies and

sanctions set forth below:

1. Order specific, reasonable actions and procedures, in the form of a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction or permanent injunction, to mitigate the effects of the non-compliance and/or to bring any non-compliant Arbitration Party into compliance.
2. Require any Arbitration Party to refrain from entering into new contracts related to work covered by the Agency-Assisted Contract or this SBE Agreement, or from granting extensions or other modifications to existing contracts related to services covered by the Agency-Assisted Contract or this SBE Agreement, other than those minor modifications or extensions necessary to enable compliance with this SBE Agreement.
3. Direct any Arbitration Party to cancel, terminate, suspend or cause to be cancelled, terminated or suspended, any contract or portion(s) thereof for failure of any party to the arbitration to comply with any of the SBE Program requirements in the Agency-Assisted Contract or this SBE Agreement. Contracts may be continued upon the condition that a program for future compliance is approved by the Agency.
4. If any Arbitration Party is found to be in willful breach of its obligations hereunder, the arbitrator may impose a monetary sanction not to exceed Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or ten percent (10%) of the base amount of the breaching party's contract, whichever is less, for each such willful breach; provided that, in determining the amount of any monetary sanction to be assessed, the arbitrator shall consider the financial capacity of the breaching party. No monetary sanction shall be imposed pursuant to this paragraph for the first willful breach of this SBE Agreement unless the breaching party has failed to cure after being provided notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure. Monetary sanctions may be imposed for subsequent willful breaches by any Arbitration Party whether or not the breach is subsequently cured. For purposes of this paragraph, "willful breach" means a knowing and intentional breach.
5. Direct any Arbitration Party to produce and provide to the Agency any records, data or reports which are necessary to determine if a violation has occurred and/or to monitor the performance of any Arbitration Party.

K. Arbitrator's Decision. The arbitrator shall make his or her award within twenty (20) days after the date that the hearing is completed; provided that where a temporary restraining order is sought, the arbitrator shall make his or her award not later than twenty-four (24) hours after the hearing on the motion. The arbitrator shall send the decision by certified or registered mail to each Arbitration Party.

L. Default Award; No Requirement to Seek an Order Compelling Arbitration. The arbitrator may enter a default award against any person or entity who fails to appear at the hearing, provided that: (1) said person or entity received actual notice of the hearing; and (2) the complaining party has a proof of service for the absent person or entity. In order to obtain a default award, the complaining party need not first seek or obtain an order to arbitrate the controversy pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure §1281.2.

M. Arbitrator Lacks Power to Modify. Except as otherwise provided, the arbitrator shall have no power to add to, subtract from, disregard, modify or otherwise alter the terms of the Agency-Assisted Contract, this SBE Agreement or any other agreement between the Agency, the Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor or to negotiate new agreements or provisions between the parties.

N. Jurisdiction/Entry of Judgment. The inquiry of the arbitrator shall be restricted to the

particular controversy which gave rise to the Demand for Arbitration. A decision of the arbitrator issued hereunder shall be final and binding upon all Arbitration Parties. The non-prevailing Arbitration Party(ies) shall pay the arbitrator's fees and related costs of arbitration (or reimburse the Arbitration Parties that advanced such arbitration fees and costs). Each Arbitration Party shall pay its own attorneys' fees, provided, however, that attorneys' fees may be awarded to the prevailing party if the arbitrator finds that the arbitration action was instituted, litigated, or defended in bad faith. Judgment upon the arbitrator's decision may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction.

O. Exculpatory Clause. Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor (regardless of tier) expressly waive any and all claims against the Agency for damages, direct or indirect, including, without limitation, claims relative to the commencement, continuance and completion of construction and/or providing professional and consulting services ("the Work"). Agency-Assisted Contractor or Contractor (regardless of tier) acknowledge and agree that the procedures set forth herein for dealing with alleged breaches or failure to comply with the obligations and requirements of this SBE Agreement are reasonable and have been anticipated by the parties in securing financing, in inviting, submitting and receiving bids and proposals for the planning, design and construction of the improvements and in determining the times for commencement and completion of the planning, design and construction and/or for providing consulting, professional or personal services.

P. Severability. The provisions of this SBE Agreement are declared to be separate and severable. The invalidity of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or portion of this SBE Agreement or the invalidity of the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this SBE Agreement or the validity of their application to other persons or circumstances.

Q. Arbitration Notice: BY INITIALING IN THE SPACE BELOW YOU ARE AGREEING TO HAVE ANY DISPUTE ARISING OUT OF THE MATTERS INCLUDED IN THE "ARBITRATION OF DISPUTES" PROVISION DECIDED BY NEUTRAL ARBITRATION AS PROVIDED BY CALIFORNIA LAW AND YOU ARE GIVING UP ANY RIGHTS YOU MIGHT POSSESS TO HAVE THE DISPUTE LITIGATED IN COURT OR JURY TRIAL. BY INITIALING IN THE SPACE BELOW YOU ARE GIVING UP YOUR JUDICIAL RIGHTS TO DISCOVERY AND APPEAL, UNLESS SUCH RIGHTS ARE SPECIFICALLY INCLUDED IN THE "ARBITRATION OF DISPUTES" PROVISION. IF YOU REFUSE TO SUBMIT TO ARBITRATION AFTER AGREEING TO THIS PROVISION, YOU MAY BE COMPELLED TO ARBITRATE UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE CALIFORNIA CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE. YOUR AGREEMENT TO THIS ARBITRATION PROVISION IS VOLUNTARY.

WE HAVE READ AND UNDERSTAND THE FOREGOING AND AGREE TO SUBMIT DISPUTES ARISING OUT OF THE MATTERS INCLUDED IN THE "ARBITRATION OF DISPUTES" PROVISION TO NEUTRAL ARBITRATION.

Agency

Agency-Assisted Contractor

XV. AGREEMENT EXECUTION

I, hereby certify that I have authority to execute this SBE Agreement on behalf of the business,

organization or entity listed below and that it will use good faith efforts to comply with the Agency's 50% SBE Participation Goals. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above statement is true and correct.

Signature

Date

Print Your Name

Title

Company Name and Phone Number